

Geometry – 2024 O Level Math D 4024

1. June/2024/Paper_4024/11/No.1

G R A N T

From this word write down the letters which have

(a) a line of symmetry

..... [1]

(b) rotational symmetry.

..... [1]

2. June/2024/Paper_4024/11/No.4

(a) ABC is a triangle with $AC = 5$ cm and $BC = 10$ cm.

Using a ruler and compasses only, construct triangle ABC .
 AB has been drawn for you.

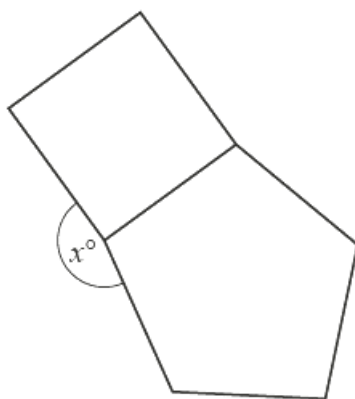


[2]

(b) Measure angle BAC .

Angle $BAC = \dots\dots\dots$ [1]

3. June/2024/Paper_4024/11/No.7

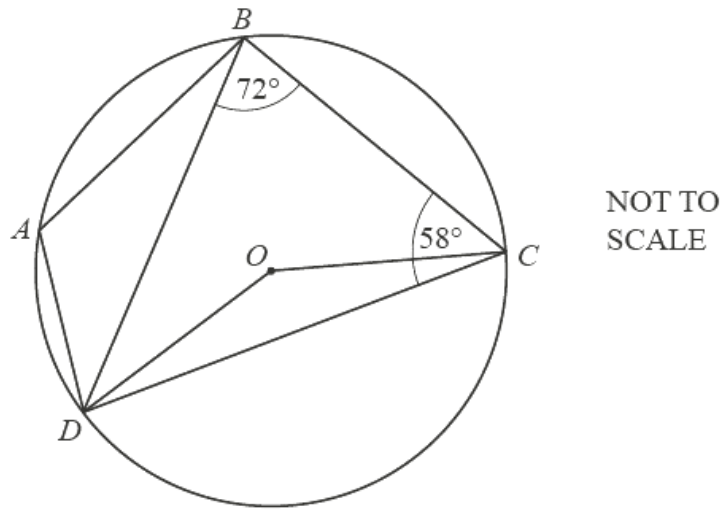
NOT TO
SCALE

A square and a regular pentagon are joined along one edge as shown in the diagram.

Calculate the value of x .

$x = \dots\dots\dots$ [3]

4. June/2024/Paper_4024/11/No.16



A, B, C and D are points on the circumference of a circle centre O .
 Angle $BCD = 58^\circ$ and angle $DBC = 72^\circ$.

(a) Complete the statement below.

Angle $DAB = \dots\dots\dots$ because $\dots\dots\dots$
 $\dots\dots\dots$ [2]

(b) (i) Find angle DOC .

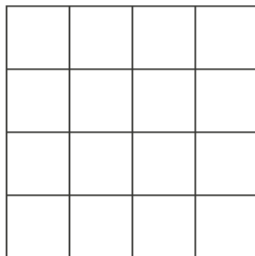
Angle $DOC = \dots\dots\dots$ [1]

(ii) Find angle BCO .

Angle $BCO = \dots\dots\dots$ [2]

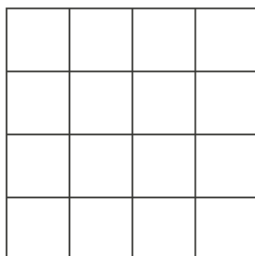
5. June/2024/Paper_4024/12/No.2

(a) Shade **one** more small square so the diagram has one line of symmetry.



[1]

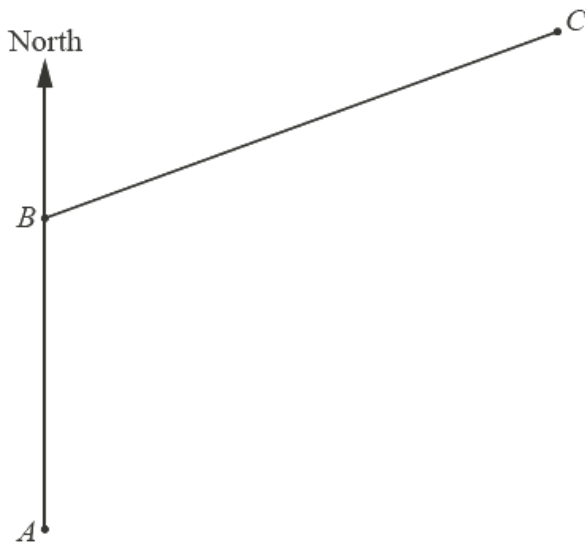
(b) Shade **one** more small square so the diagram has rotational symmetry of order 2.



[1]

6. June/2024/Paper_4024/12/No.10

The scale drawing shows part of a field, $ABCD$.
The scale is 1 cm to 50 m.



Scale: 1 cm to 50 m

(a) Measure the bearing of C from B .

..... [1]

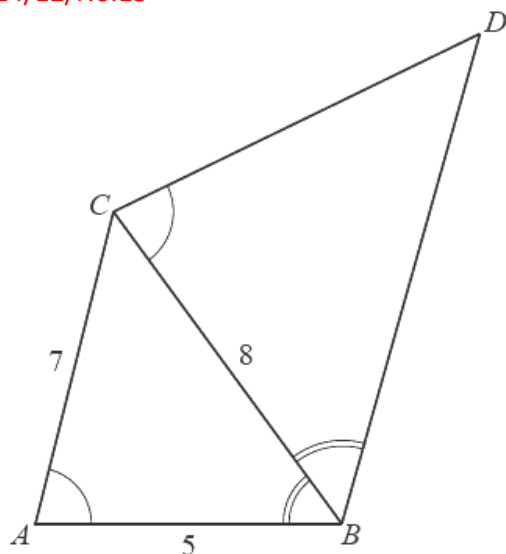
(b) D is 250 m from C and 300 m from A .

Use a ruler and compasses only to complete the scale drawing of the field $ABCD$. [2]

(c) There is a path across the field.
The path is equidistant from AB and BC .

Use a straight edge and compasses only to construct the path. [2]

7. June/2024/Paper_4024/12/No.15

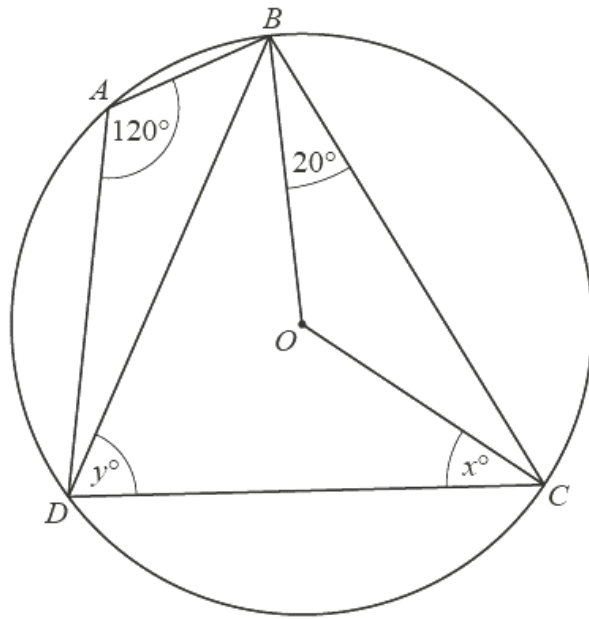
NOT TO
SCALE

Triangle ABC is mathematically similar to triangle CBD .
 $AB = 5$ cm, $AC = 7$ cm and $BC = 8$ cm.

Calculate BD .

$BD = \dots\dots\dots$ cm [2]

8. June/2024/Paper_4024/12/No.17

NOT TO
SCALE

A , B , C and D are points on a circle, centre O .
Angle $BAD = 120^\circ$ and angle $OBC = 20^\circ$.

(a) Find the value of x .

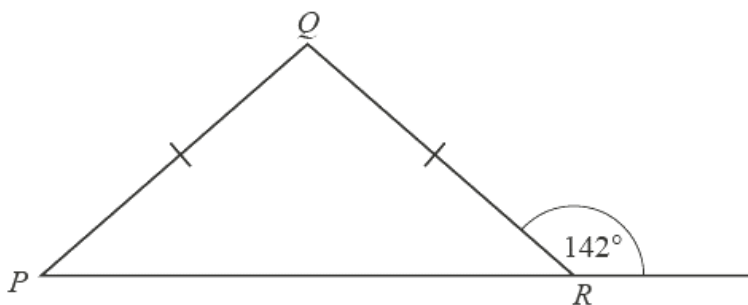
$x = \dots\dots\dots$ [2]

(b) Find the value of y .

$y = \dots\dots\dots$ [2]

9. June/2024/Paper_4024/21/No.3

(a)



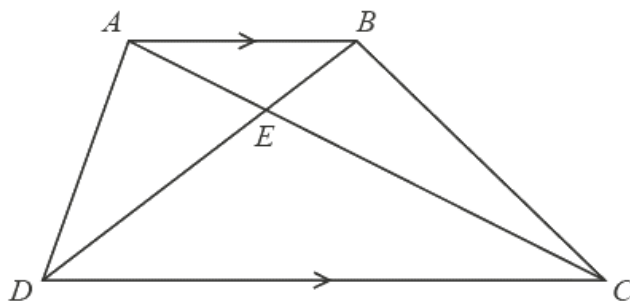
NOT TO SCALE

Triangle PQR is isosceles with $PQ = QR$.
The exterior angle of the triangle at R is 142° .

Calculate angle PQR .

Angle $PQR = \dots\dots\dots$ [2]

(b)



NOT TO SCALE

The diagonals of trapezium $ABCD$ meet at E .

Show that triangle ABE is similar to triangle CDE .
Give a reason for each statement you make.

.....

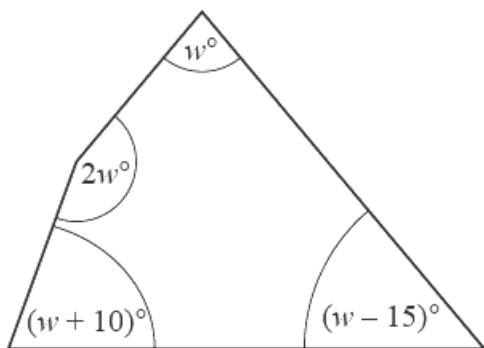
.....

.....

..... [3]

10. June/2024/Paper_4024/21/No.10(b)

(b)

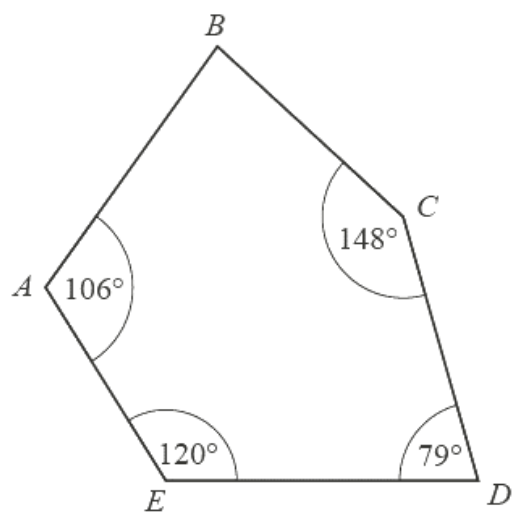
NOT TO
SCALE

The diagram shows a quadrilateral.

Form an equation in w and solve it to find the size of the **largest** angle in the quadrilateral.

Largest angle = [4]

11. June/2024/Paper_4024/22/No.10

NOT TO
SCALE

The diagram shows a pentagon.

(a) Calculate the interior angle B .

..... [2]

(b) In the pentagon, $AE = 8$ cm and $AD = 15$ cm.

Calculate the length ED .

Show your working and give your answer correct to 1 decimal place.

$ED = \dots\dots\dots$ cm [5]