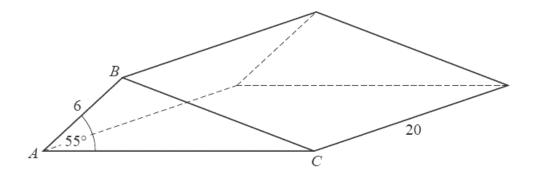
<u>Trigonometry – 2023 O Level Math D 4024</u>

1. Nov/2023/Paper_ 4024/21/No.9

(a)



The diagram shows a triangular prism. AB = 6 cm, angle $BAC = 55^{\circ}$ and the length of the prism is 20 cm. The area of triangle ABC is 34.4 cm^2 .

(i) Calculate the volume of the prism. Give the units of your answer.

		[2]
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(ii) Show that $AC = 14.0 \,\mathrm{cm}$, correct to 3 significant figures.

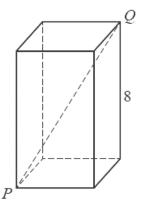
[3]

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(iii) Calculate the surface area of the prism.
--

..... cm² [5]

(b)



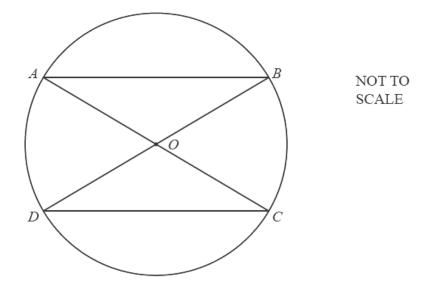
The diagram shows a cuboid with a square base.

The height of the cuboid is 8 cm. The volume of the cuboid is 98 cm^3 .

 ${\bf Calculate}\ PQ.$

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2. Nov/2023/Paper_ 4024/21/No.10(b)



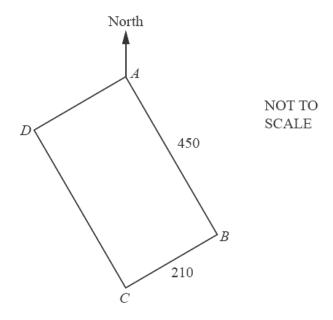
The diagram shows a circle, centre O, with diameters AC and BD.

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(b)	The diameter of the circle is 10cm and $AB = 9 \text{cm}$.
	Calculate the difference between the circumference of the circle and the perimeter of the shaded shape.

3. Nov/2023/Paper_ 4024/22/No.9a(ii), (b)

(a)



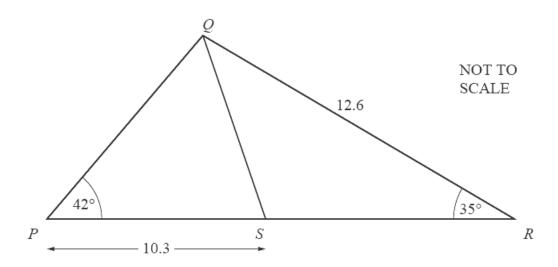
ABCD is a rectangular field.

C is due south of A.

 $AB = 450 \,\mathrm{m}$ and $BC = 210 \,\mathrm{m}$.

(ii) Show that the bearing of D from A is 245° , correct to 3 significant figures.

(b)

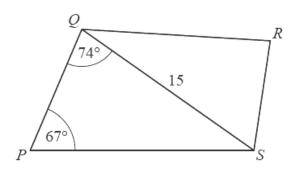


PQR is a triangle and S is a point on PR. $PS = 10.3 \,\text{cm}$, $QR = 12.6 \,\text{cm}$, $Q\hat{P}S = 42^{\circ}$ and $Q\hat{R}S = 35^{\circ}$.

Calculate QS.

4. June/2023/Paper_ 4024/21/No.7(b)

(b)



NOT TO SCALE

The diagram shows quadrilateral *PQRS*. SQ = 15 cm, $S\hat{P}Q = 67^{\circ}$ and $P\hat{Q}S = 74^{\circ}$.

(i) Calculate PS.

..... cm[3]

- (ii) $P\hat{S}R = 96^{\circ}$ and the area of triangle QRS is 63 cm^2 .
 - (a) Show that SR = 10.0 cm, correct to 1 decimal place.

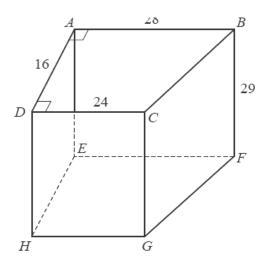
[3]

k

(b) Calculate QR.

..... cm [3]

5. June/2023/Paper_ 4024/21/No.11



The diagram shows an open container on a horizontal surface. The container is a prism with trapezium ABCD as its cross-section. AB = 28 cm, DC = 24 cm, AD = 16 cm and BF = 29 cm. Angle ADC and angle DAB are right angles.

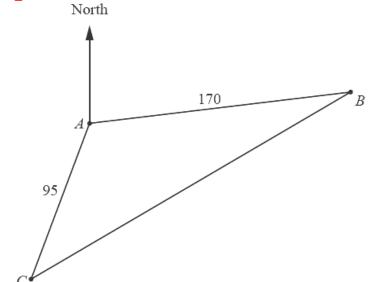
(a) Calculate angle DCB.

Angle
$$DCB = \dots$$
 [3]

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6. June/2023/Paper_ 4024/22/No.9 North



NOT TO SCALE

A, B and C are points on horizontal ground.

The bearing of B from A is 072° .

The bearing of C from A is 205°.

 $AB = 170 \,\text{m}$ and $AC = 95 \,\text{m}$.

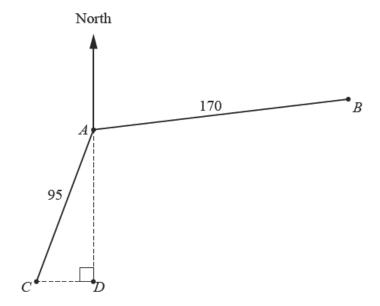
(a) Calculate BC.

..... m [4]

(b) Find the bearing of A from C.

.....[2]

(c)



NOT TO SCALE

The point D lies on the horizontal ground, due south of A and due east of C.

(i) Show that $AD = 86.1 \,\text{m}$, correct to 1 decimal place.

[2]

(ii) A point X is at the top of a vertical mast at A. The angle of elevation of X from B is 7° .

Calculate the angle of elevation of X from D.